

## MAT 320

## Quiz 5

## Fall 2021

1. At 44100 Hz sample rate, suppose we want to calculate the plucked string filter coefficients to produce a fundamental frequency (pitch) of exactly 500 Hz, by choosing parameters  $L$  for the delay in the comb filter, and  $a$  for the all-pass filter. Assuming that we are also using a low-pass filter with phase delay of one half sample, in order to find  $a$  we should use what value for  $\delta$ ?

a) 0.6                      b) 0.5                      c) 0.4                      d) 0.7                      e) 0.3

Correct Answer: 0.7

2. If a comb filter has frequency response function with peaks (maximum values) at 24 dB, and valleys (minimum values) at -6 dB, then the amplitude range of the signal is varying from low to high by a factor of about:

a) 32                      b) 128                      c) 64                      d) 2                      e) 4

Correct Answer: 32

3. The low-pass filter  $y_t = \frac{1}{2}(x_t + x_{t-1})$  used in the plucked string filter has which of the following properties:

i) linear phase

ii) magnitude response  $\sin(\omega/2)$

iii) allows exact frequency adjustment in plucked string filter

a) ii) only              b) i) and ii) only              c) ii) and iii) only              d) i) only              e) all of them

Correct Answer: i) only

4. The all-pass filter  $y_t = ax_t + x_{t-1} - ay_{t-1}$  used in the plucked string filter has which of the following properties:

i) transfer function with two complex poles

ii) magnitude response 1

iii) allows exact frequency adjustment in plucked string filter

a) ii) only              b) i) and ii) only              c) i) only              d) ii) and iii) only              e) all of them

Correct Answer: ii) and iii) only

5. Which of the following could be the transfer function  $\mathcal{H}$  of an all-pass filter?

a)  $\frac{2z+1}{z+2}$               b)  $\frac{2+z^{-1}}{1+\frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}$               c)  $\frac{1+2z^{-1}}{1+\frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}$               d)  $\frac{4+z^{-1}}{1+2z^{-1}}$               e)  $\frac{4z+1}{z+2}$

Correct Answer:  $\frac{2z+1}{z+2}$

6. Which of the following could be the frequency response function  $H(\omega)$  of an all-pass filter?

a)  $\frac{e^{-i\omega/2} + 3e^{i\omega/2}}{e^{i\omega/2} + \frac{1}{3}e^{-i\omega/2}}$               b)  $\frac{e^{i\omega/2} + 3e^{i\omega/2}}{e^{i\omega/2} - \frac{1}{3}e^{-i\omega/2}}$               c)  $\frac{e^{-i\omega/2} + 2e^{i\omega/2}}{e^{i\omega/2} + 2e^{-i\omega/2}}$               d)  $\frac{e^{i\omega/2} - 2e^{i\omega/2}}{e^{-i\omega/2} + 2e^{-i\omega/2}}$   
 e)  $\frac{4e^{-i\omega/2} + e^{i\omega/2}}{4e^{i\omega/2} - 3e^{-i\omega/2}}$

Correct Answer:  $\frac{e^{-i\omega/2} + 2e^{i\omega/2}}{e^{i\omega/2} + 2e^{-i\omega/2}}$

7. We used the approximation that for  $x$  close to zero:  $x = \tan x = \tan^{-1} x$ . For  $x < 0$  which inequalities are actually true?

a)  $\tan x < x < \tan^{-1} x$               b)  $x < \tan x < \tan^{-1} x$               c)  $\tan^{-1} x < x < \tan x$               d)  $\tan^{-1} x < \tan x < x$   
 e)  $\tan x < \tan^{-1} x < x$

Correct Answer:  $\tan x < x < \tan^{-1} x$

8. Suppose a comb filter has  $L = 9$  and  $R = 0.9$ , and let  $\mathbf{h} = (h_0, h_1, h_2, \dots)$  be the impulse response. Find the sum, to two decimal places. (Hint: the number  $(0.9)^9$  is about 0.387.)

$$\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} h_t.$$

- a) 1.57                      b) 1.71                      c) 1.63                      d) 1.48                      e) 1.36

Correct Answer: 1.63